

10 POLICIES FOR LGBTQ+ INCLUSION

Want to make your athletic department more LGBTQ+ inclusive?
Here are the 10 policies every program should have.

(1)
**LGBTQ+ INCLUSIVE
NONDISCRIMINATION
POLICY**

Teams should have a written nondiscrimination policy that explicitly covers “sexual orientation,” “gender identity,” and “gender expression.” This can be accomplished by adding these classes to existing nondiscrimination protections or inserting a stand-alone clause to existing policy materials.

(2)
**LEAGUE LGBTQ+
INCLUSIVE CODE OF
CONDUCT**

The league or organization to which your team belongs should explicitly ban/condemn homophobic, transphobic, and/or anti-LGBTQ+ conduct by players, coaches and any staff involved in athletic activities. This can be accomplished by a stand-alone clause or by including LGBTQ+ protections in existing harassment policies. These codes of conduct should outline potential consequences for engaging in behaviors that violate the code of conduct, including clear mechanisms to report and address the violation.

(3)
**TEAM LGBTQ+
INCLUSIVE CODE OF
CONDUCT**

Individual teams should be encouraged to create Codes of Conduct that clearly state an expectation to promote respect towards LGBTQ+ people. These Codes of Conduct should clearly outline potential consequences for engaging in behaviors that violate the code of conduct and be directly communicated to all team members at the start of the season.

(4)
**LGBTQ+ INCLUSIVE
FAN CODE OF
CONDUCT**

The league/organization's commitment to inclusion, respect and safety should extend to members of their fan community. Fans, like players and coaches, should not be subjected to discriminatory language and behavior by those on the field or in the stands. These values and expectations should be communicated to fans via the league's official fan code of conduct. In addition, the fan code of conduct should outline potential consequences for engaging in behaviors that violate the code of conduct, including clear mechanisms to report and address the violation.

(5)
**LGBTQ+ INCLUSIVE
MEDIA
COMMUNICATIONS**

Leagues and teams should ensure all media communications and recruiting materials (media guides, community outreach, team camp brochures, etc.) include nondiscrimination language. Members of the organization or team who are in most frequent touch with the media should have LGBTQ+-specific media training, for example through the GLAAD Media Institute.



(6)
**INCLUSIVE
TRANSGENDER &
NONBINARY
ATHLETE POLICIES**

Leagues should have a clear and well-written policy regarding the participation of transgender and non-binary athletes. Many sport leagues and teams across the country have adopted trans inclusive policies, including the NCAA and International Olympic Committee. USports, the national sport governing body of university sport in Canada, released a groundbreaking policy in 2018 allowing transgender athletes to self-identify and participate on the sports team consistent with their gender identity without restriction. For model policies or to learn more about the history of trans and non-binary athlete participation in sport, please reach out to Athlete Ally and visit Chris Mosier's website TransAthlete.com for a comprehensive list of all K-12 policies.

(7)
**INCLUSIVE
DRESS CODES**

All dress code policies should be gender neutral to allow for different forms of gender expression. An example of a non-inclusive dress code is one that would require women to wear skirts or dresses to events where professional dress is required. A best practice is to simply outline the type or style of clothing that will not be accepted as professional attire rather than dictate which clothes people should wear based on sex assigned at birth.

(8)
**LGBTQ+ RESPECT &
INCLUSION
TRAININGS**

Excellent LGBTQ+ inclusion policies will be ineffective if these policies are not adequately communicated to the people they impact. Therefore, having timely trainings is essential for creating LGBTQ+ inclusive environments.

As a best practice, these trainings should:

- Be held at least once a school year
- Be mandatory for all coaches, players, and staff
- Review all LGBTQ+ harassment policies and team Codes of Conduct
- Cover allyship best practices

Athletic departments should also maintain up-to-date LGBTQ+ inclusion resources that are readily available to coaches, players, and staff throughout the year, in between trainings.

(9)
REPORTING

Have a clear and visible reporting mechanism for reporting incidences of racist, sexist, homophobic or transphobic conduct and harassment. These policies should allow for anonymous reporting, have clearly stated timelines for action, outline a non-exhaustive list of disciplinary actions, be visible, published in student-athlete handbooks, and distributed during orientation.

(10)
FACILITIES

Schools should make every effort to allow athletes to use the bathrooms and changing facilities in which they feel most comfortable and safe. At a minimum, schools should provide private changing spaces and showers in the men's and women's locker rooms to accommodate transgender, nonbinary, and other individuals who desire privacy. Players, coaches, and staff also should be permitted to use the facilities consistent with their gender identity. These policies should be communicated clearly in the student handbook.